Expedited B	ill No	<u>1-13</u>		
Concerning:	Erosion	and	Sedin	nent
Control	 Special 	Protection	on Area	as
<u>Amendr</u>	nents			
Revised: _3	3-12-13	Dra	aft No.	5_
Introduced:	<u>Januar</u>	y 15, 20	13	
Enacted:	March	19, 2013	3	
Executive: _				
Effective:				
Sunset Date	: None			
Ch I	aws of Mo	ont Co		

COUNTY COUNCIL FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

By: Council President at the Request of the County Executive

AN EXPEDITED ACT to:

- (1) bring County erosion and sediment control requirements into compliance with the Maryland Stormwater Management Act of 2007 and the 2011 Maryland Standards and Specifications for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control;
- (2) require persons that engage in land disturbing activity in an area designated as a special protection area to pay a monitoring fee to the Department of Environmental Protection in lieu of developing and implementing their own best management practices monitoring plan; and
- (3) generally amend County law regarding erosion, sediment control, and special protection areas.

By amending

Montgomery County Code

Chapter 19, Erosion, Sediment Control and Storm Water Management

Article I, Erosion and Sediment Control

Sections 19-2, 19-3, 19-4, 19-5, 19-6, 18-7, 19-8, 19-9, 19-10, 19-11, 19-12, 19-13, 19-

14, 19-15, 19-16, and 19-17

Article V, Water Quality Review in Special Protection Areas

Sections 19-60, 19-62, 19-64, 19-65, 19-66, and 19-67

By renumbering and amending

Montgomery County Code

Chapter 19, Erosion, Sediment Control and Storm Water Management

Article I, Erosion and Sediment Control

Sections 19-1 to 19-1A

By adding

Montgomery County Code Chapter 19, Erosion, Sediment Control and Storm Water Management Article I, Erosion and Sediment Control Sections 19-1, 19-4A, 19-5A, 19-5B, 19-8A, and 19-12A

By repealing

Montgomery County Code Chapter 19, Erosion, Sediment Control and Storm Water Management Article I, Erosion and Sediment Control Section 19-3A

Boldface Heading or defined term.

<u>Underlining</u>
[Single boldface brackets]
Added to existing law by original bill.
Deleted from existing law by original bill.

Double underlining Added by amendment.

[[Double boldface brackets]] Deleted from existing law or the bill by amendment.

Existing law unaffected by bill.

The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland approves the following Act:

Sec. 1. Chapter 19, Article I and Article V, are amended as follows:

ARTICLE I. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL.

19-1. [Definitions] <u>Purpose and scope.</u>

The purpose of this Chapter is to protect, maintain, and enhance the public 4 health, safety, and general welfare by establishing minimum requirements and 5 procedures to control the adverse impacts associated with land disturbances. The 6 goal is to minimize soil erosion and prevent off-site sedimentation by using soil 7 erosion and sediment control practices designed in accordance with the applicable 8 state law and regulations. Implementing this Chapter will help reduce the negative 9 10 impacts of land development on water resources, maintain the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of streams, and minimize damage to public and private 11 12 property.

This Chapter contains minimum erosion and sediment control requirements and does not limit or repeal any other powers granted to the County by State law.

19-1A. Definitions.

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In this Article, these words and phrases have the following meanings:

[(1) Approved plan: A set of representational drawings or other documents submitted by an applicant as a prerequisite to obtaining a sediment control permit and containing the information and specifications as required by the department and the district under regulations adopted in accordance with procedures set forth in this Chapter in order to minimize off-site sedimentation from land-disturbing activities, and approved by the district as being adequate to meet the requirements of the state sediment control law and approved by the department as being adequate to meet the provisions of this Chapter.]

<u>Administration</u> means the Maryland Department of the Environment Water Management Administration.

Adverse impact means any deleterious effect on any water or wetland, including its quality, quantity, surface area, species composition, aesthetics, or usefulness for human or natural uses, which is, or may become, potentially harmful to human health, welfare, safety or property, biological productivity, diversity, or stability.

Agricultural land management practice means a method or procedure used in the cultivation of land to further crop and livestock production and conservation of related soil and water resources. Agricultural land management practice does not include logging and timber removal operation [[or wholesale or retail nursery operation]].

Applicant means any person, firm, or government agency that executes the necessary forms to apply for a permit or approval to construct a project.

[(2)] **As-built plan[:** A] <u>means</u> <u>a</u> record drawing or plan prepared and certified by a licensed professional engineer or land surveyor that represents the actual dimensions, contours, elevations, and other characteristics of a completed structure or facility.

Best management practice means a structural device or nonstructural practice designed to temporarily store or treat stormwater runoff to mitigate flooding, reduce pollution, and provide other amenities.

[(3)] Clearing[: The] means the act of removing vegetative cover in a manner that does not disturb root mat or existing soil surface.

<u>Concept plan</u> means the first of 3 plans submitted under the comprehensive review and approval process required by state law and includes the information necessary to allow an initial evaluation of a proposed project.

- [(4)] **Department[:** The] means the Department of Permitting Services.
- [(5) **Developer:** A person, partnership, or corporation for whose benefit any of the activities covered by this chapter are commenced or carried on. An

54 individual who builds a house for the individual's own occupancy is not a 55 developer.] [(6)] **Director**[: The] means the Director of the Department of Permitting 56 57 Services or [a duly authorized agent] the Director's designee. [(7)] **District**[: The] means the Montgomery Soil Conservation District. 58 Drainage area means the area contributing runoff to a single point measured 59 60 in a horizontal plane that is enclosed by a ridge line. Environmental site design means the use of small-scale stormwater 61 management practices, nonstructural techniques, and better site planning to 62 mimic natural hydrologic runoff characteristics and minimize the impact of 63 64 land development on water resources. [(8)] **Erosion**: The means the process by which the ground surface is worn 65 by the action of the wind, water, ice, gravity, or artificial means. 66 67 Erosion and sediment control means a system of structural and vegetative measures that minimize soil erosion and off-site sedimentation. 68 Erosion and sediment control plan means an erosion and sediment control 69 strategy or plan designed to minimize erosion and off-site sedimentation. 70 [(9)] Excavating: Anyl means any act by which soil, earth, sand, gravel, 71 rock, or any similar material is cut into, dug, quarried, uncovered, removed, 72 73 displaced, relocated, or bulldozed, and includes the conditions that result from 74 that act. **I**(10) **Federal project:** Any project on federally owned land that involves 75 grading, or any project that involves grading and is administered by a federal 76 77 agency.] 78 I(11) Fence, approved: A permanent, semi-permanent or portable fence not less than forty-two (42) inches in height so constructed and so located as is 79

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approved in the permit application to surround sediment basins, steep

81 excavations or ponding areas where required for the safety of members of the public.] 82 [(12)] Filling[: Any] means any act by which soil, earth, sand, gravel, rock, or 83 any similar material is deposited, placed, pushed, pulled, or transported, and 84 85 includes the conditions that result from that act. Final erosion and sediment control plan means, along with the final 86 stormwater management plan, the last of 3 plans submitted under the 87 comprehensive review and approval process required by state law. A final 88 erosion and sediment control plan must be prepared and approved as required 89 90 by the Department and this Chapter and designed under state Standards and Specifications. 91 92 [(13)] Finished grade: The means the final grade or elevation of the ground 93 surface conforming to the approved grading plan. 94 [(14)] Grading[: An] means an act by which soil is cleared, stripped, stockpiled, or any combination thereof. 95 Grading unit means the maximum contiguous area allowed to be graded at a 96 given time. For this Chapter, a grading unit is 20 acres or less. 97 Highly erodible soil means soil with a slope greater than 15% or soil with a 98 soil erodibility factor greater than 0.35 and with slopes greater than 5%. 99 Inspection agency means the Administration or, if delegated enforcement 100 authority, the Department. 101 [(15)] Land-disturbing activity[: Any] means any earth movement and land 102 103 changes which may result in soil erosion from water or wind or the movement 104 of sediments into state waters or onto lands in the state, including tilling, clearing, grading, excavating, stripping, stockpiling, filling and related 105 activities, and the covering of land surfaces with an impermeable material. 106

107 [(16)] Low-maintenance ground cover[: Vegetative] means vegetative ground cover that provides a thick, stabilizing root mat on slopes with a 108 109 gradient between 3:1 and 2:1, and continues to provide that stabilization without requiring mowing or fertilization more than once each year. 110 111 Maximum extent practicable means designing a stormwater management system so that all reasonable opportunities for using environmental site design 112 planning techniques and treatment practices are exhausted and only where 113 114 absolutely necessary is a structural best management practice implemented. [(17)] Natural ground surface: The means the ground surface in its original 115 state before grading, stripping, excavating or filling, or other land-disturbing 116 117 activities. 118 Owner/Developer means a person undertaking, or for whose benefit is 119 undertaken, any activity covered by this Chapter. Owner/Developer does not 120 include a general contractor or subcontractor who does not have a proprietary 121 interest in a project. 122 [(18)] **Permit**[: The] means the [Montgomery County] sediment control permit issued by the Department authorizing land-disturbing [activities] 123 124 activity [in accordance with the requirements of] under this Chapter. [(19)] **Permittee**[: Any] means any person to whom a permit is issued 125 [pursuant to] under this Chapter. 126 127 [(20) **Person:** Any individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, agency, 128 unincorporated association, municipal corporation, County or state agency 129 within the state, or any combination thereof. 130 **Person** means the federal government, the State, any county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the State, or any of their units, or an individual, 131 132 receiver, trustee, guardian, executor, administrator, fiduciary, or representative

133 of any kind, or any partnership, firm, association, public or private corporation, or any of their affiliates, or any other entity. 134 [(21)] **Professional engineer** means an engineer duly registered by the State 135 [of Maryland] to practice professional engineering under [the requirements of 136 137 Title 14 of the Business Occupations and Professions Article of the Maryland 138 Code] state law. [(22)] **Professional land surveyor** means a person who is duly registered and 139 licensed as such under [the requirements of Title 14 of the Business 140 141 Occupations and Professions Article of the Maryland Codel state law. [(23)] Responsible personnel[: Anyl means any foreman, superintendent, or 142 project engineer who is in charge of on-site clearing and grading operations or 143 the implementation and maintenance of an erosion and sediment control 144 [associated with earth changes or disturbances] plan. 145 [(24)] **Sediment**[: Soils] means soil, sand, stone, or other surface [materials] 146 material transported or deposited by the action of wind, water, ice, or gravity, 147 or artificial means]. 148 [(25)] Site[: Any lot or parcel of land or a series of lots or parcels of land 149 150 adjoining or contiguous or joined together under one (1) ownership where 151 grading, excavating or filling is, was, or will be performed.] means any tract, 152 lot, or parcel of land, or combination of tracts, lots, or parcels of land that are contiguous and in one ownership, or contiguous and in diverse ownership, 153 154 where development is to be performed as part of a unit, subdivision, or project. Site development plan means the second of 3 plans submitted under the 155 comprehensive review and approval process required by state law. A site 156 157 **development plan** must include the information necessary to allow a detailed evaluation of a proposed project. 158

Stabilization means the protection of exposed soils from erosion by the 159 application of seed and mulch, seed and matting, sod, other vegetative 160 161 measure, or structural means. [(26)] Slope[: The] means the inclined surface of a fill, excavation, or natural 162 163 terrain. 164 [(27)] Soil[: Any] means any earth, sand, gravel, rock, or any other similar material. 165 [(28)] Standards and specifications: The means the "[1983] 2011 166 Maryland Standards and Specifications for Soil Erosion and Sediment 167 168 Control" or any [subsequent revisions] later revision. 169 [(29) State project: Any project on state-owned land that involves grading. 170 Use of state funds does not necessarily qualify an activity as a state project. 171 **Stormwater** means water that originates from a precipitation event. Stormwater management system means a natural area, environmental site 172 design practice, stormwater management measure, or any other structure 173 through which stormwater flows, infiltrates, or discharges from a site. 174 [(30)] Stripping: Any means any activity which removes the vegetative 175 176 surface cover, including tree felling or removal, clearing, grubbing and storage, or removal of topsoil. 177 178 [(31)] Tree[: Anyl means any woody plant having at least [one (1)] 1 well-179 defined stem or trunk measuring at least [three (3)] 3 inches diameter at breast height [(DBH)]. 180 Tree canopy means the area of one or many crowns of the trees on a site, 181 including trees in forested areas. 182 Variance means a modification of minimum erosion and sediment control 183 requirements for exceptional circumstances when strict adherence to the 184

185		requi	rements would result in unnecessary hardship and not achieve the
186		purpo	oses of this Chapter.
187		[(32)]	Watercourse [or drainageway: Any] means any natural or artificial
188		wate	rcourse, including [but not limited to streams, rivers, creeks, ditches,
189	1	chanr	nels, canals, conduits, culverts, drains, waterways, gullies, ravines, or
190		wash	es] any stream, river, creek, ditch, channel, canal, conduit, culvert, drain,
191		water	way, gully, ravine, or wash in which water flows in a definite direction or
192	i	cours	e, either continuously or intermittently[; and including any area adjacent
193		to it] <u>.</u>	Watercourse includes an adjacent area that is subject to inundation [by
194	:	reaso	n of] from overflow or floodwater.
195	•	Wate	rshed means the total drainage area contributing runoff to a single point.
196	19-2.		Permits required.
197	((a)	[A] Except as provided in this Chapter, a person must not engage in any
198			land-disturbing activity without first obtaining a permit [from the
199			Department, except as provided in this Chapter].
200		(b)	This Chapter must not be construed to be in conflict with state sediment
201			control law.]
202		[(c)] <u>(</u>	b) A permit is not required under this Chapter for [the following]:
203			(1) [Any] any minor land-disturbing activity that:
204			[(a)] (A) [Is] is not associated with construction of a new
205			residential or commercial building;
206			[(b)] (B) [Involves] involves less than 100 cubic yards of earth
207			movement;
208			[(c)] (C) [Disturbs] disturbs less than 5,000 square feet of surface
209			area; [and]
210			[(d)] (D) is not associated with a change of use from residential to
211			any other use; and

212		<u>(E)</u>	[Is]	<u>is</u>	promptly	stabilized	to	prevent	erosion	and
213			sedir	nent	tation;					
214	(2)	[Acce	epted]	acc	epted agric	cultural land	l ma	nagement	practices	and
215		agricu	ultural	bes	st managen	nent practice	es us	sed in the	cultivation	n of
216		land	[in or	der]	to further	crop and liv	vesto	ock produ	ction, suc	h as
217		plowi	ing an	d co	onstruction	of an agric	ultui	al [structi	ures] <u>struc</u>	<u>cture</u>
218		on lar	nd tha	t:						
219		[(a)] (<u>(A)</u> [F	las]	<u>has</u> been fa	armed by, or	r wit	h the perr	nission of	the
220			same	ow	ner during	the [proceed	ding] precedin	g 5 years;	; or
221		[(b)]	<u>(B)</u> []	[n] i	in the ever	nt of a tran	sfer	of owner	rship or o	other
222			appr	opri	ate circums	stance, is the	e sul	oject of a	declaration	n of
223			inten	t to	farm unde	er [Title 13	of th	ne Tax-Pr	operty Ar	ticle
224			of th	ne N	Maryland (Code] state	<u>tax</u>	<u>law</u> or	a compar	able
225			decla	arati	on filed w	ith the Depa	ırtm	ent by the	owner[.	This
226			exen	nptic	on does no	ot include v	whol	esale or	retail nur	sery
227			opera	atior	ns or loggin	ng and timbe	er re	moval ope	erations];	
228	(3)	Tree	tree	cutt	ing [at or	above exist	ing	ground] t	hat leaves	s the
229		stump	, groi	and	cover, and	root mat in	tact	and whicl	h disturbs	less
230		than 5	5,000	squa	re feet of [surface] tree	e <u>car</u>	nopy area;		
231	(4)	[Utilit	ty] <u>ut</u>	ility	work per	formed und	er a	Washing	ton Subu	rban
232		Sanita	ary C	omn	nission ut	ility sedime	ent o	control pe	ermit [tha	at is
233		issuec	d und	er t	he rules	and regulat	ions	that the	Commis	sion
234		adopt	s unde	er th	e state sedi	ment contro	ol lav	v]; or		
235	(5)	[Fede	ral or	sta	ite project	s exempted	un	der the s	tate sedir	nent
236		contro	ol lav	v.] <u>a</u>	any clearir	ng <u>or gradi</u>	ng a	activity th	<u>nat is sul</u>	oject
237		exclus	<u>sively</u>	<u>to</u> .	State appro	oval and en	forc	ement un	der State	<u>law</u>
238		and re	egulati	ions	<u>.</u>					

19-3. Application [of] <u>for permit.</u> 240 (a) [To obtain a permit an application [of]]

- (a) [To obtain a permit an applicant first must file an application in writing upon forms furnished by the department. The application must be signed by the owner of the property, or an authorized agent of the owner, where the land-disturbing activity is to be performed. If the owner is a corporation, the application must be signed by the president or vice-president and attested by the secretary or assistant secretary. The corporate seal must be affixed to the application.] An application for a permit must be filed on forms approved by the Department and include:
 - (1) all information required by the Department, including identity of property owner, developer of the property, and land disturbing activity to be performed;
 - (2) written permission from the owner for agents of the Department to enter the property specified in the application for inspection and enforcement under this Chapter;
 - (3) all required fees;
 - (4) all related soil erosion and sediment control plans; and
 - (5) any required financial security.
- [(b) A sediment control permit must be issued in the name of the current property owner.
- (c)] (b) A separate permit is required for each [separate noncontiguous] site.
- [(d)] (c) [Sediment] A sediment control [permits are not] permit is transferable.
- [(e)] (d) A permit must not be issued for land disturbance associated with building or development that is not permitted by [existing] applicable zoning, special exceptions, and variances [applicable to the land].
- (e) A permit must not be issued to a person who must comply with Chapter

 22A until a final forest conservation plan is approved and any required

266		financial security is provided. However, a permit may be issued before
267		a final forest conservation plan is approved if the land disturbing
268		activity is specified on the approved preliminary plan of subdivision,
269		preliminary forest conservation plan, project plan, development plan, or
270		approved plan amendment. Any land-disturbing activity must comply
271		with all terms and conditions of the permit.
272	<u>(f)</u>	The Department must issue a permit to an applicant if the application
273		and plans comply with this Chapter, applicable regulations, and the
274		Standards and Specifications.
275	[(f)]	(g) A sediment control permit must not be issued for any grading or land-
276		disturbing activity that is located [within] in or within [twenty-five (25)]
277		25 feet of a 100-year floodplain if the activity requires and has not
278		received a floodplain district permit under [article] Article III.
279	[19-3A.	Permit limitations.]
280	[(a)	(1) This Section applies to any proposed land-disturbing activity or
281		associated development that is required to be reviewed under
282		Chapter 22A, Forest Conservation - Trees, before the land-
283		disturbing activity or associated development can occur.
284		(2) Except as provided in subsection (b), the director must not issue a
285		sediment control permit to a person who must comply with
286		Chapter 22A, Article II, until:
287		(A) a final forest conservation plan, if required, is approved;
288		and
289		(B) any financial security instrument required under Chapter
290		22A is provided.
291	(b)	Land-disturbing activities may occur before approval of a final forest
292		conservation plan if the activities are specified on the approved

293		preli	minary plan of subdivision, preliminary forest conservation plan,
294		proje	ect plan, development plan, or development plan amendment, and
295		are in	n accordance with the terms of the sediment control permit.]
296	19-4.	[Eng	gineered plans] <u>Variances</u> .
297	[(a)	(1)	An application for a permit must be accompanied by:
298			a. An erosion and sediment control plan that, where
299			applicable, is approved by the State Department of Natural
300			Resources or Maryland National Capital Park and
301			Planning Commission;
302			b. The permit fee; and
303			c. A performance bond.
304		(2)	Plans must be prepared and certified by:
305			a. A professional engineer, land surveyor, or architect; or
306			b. Other person qualified and approved by the department.
307		(3)	Erosion and sediment control plans must be designed in
308			accordance with:
309			a. The provisions of this chapter, regulations, and the
310			standards and specifications; and
311			b. Requirements of the Montgomery Soil Conservation
312			District.
313	(b)	(1)	A copy of the plan must be referred to the district for review of
314			the proposed erosion and sediment control measures.
315		(2)	The district must notify the department of its recommendations or
316			approval so that the application may be processed in a timely
317			manner.
318		(3)	A permit must not be issued until the plan is approved by the
319			department and the district.

- 320 (c) **(1)** The department may waive the requirement for plans or drawings 321 if it finds that the information on the application is sufficient to 322 show that proposed work will conform to the requirements of this 323 chapter. This waiver must not be construed as waiving the requirements of 324 **(2)** the district. 325 The permittee is bound by conditions of the application, this 326 (3) 327 chapter, and regulations. 328 Failure to comply with these requirements may result in the **(4)** department requiring submission and approval of an engineered 329 330 erosion and sediment control plan. Utility construction must not take place in Montgomery County 331 (d) (1) 332 until an erosion and sediment control plan is submitted to and 333 approved by the Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission and 334 the department. 335 (2) A note must be included on that approved plan that requires the utility contractor to repair and maintain in effective condition any 336 337 erosion and sediment control measures affected by the utility construction. 338 The Department may only grant a variance from the requirements of the 339 340 Standards and Specifications when strict adherence will result in exceptional hardship and not achieve the purposes of this Article. The applicant must submit a 341 342 written request for a variance to the Department. The request must specify the variance sought and the reasons to allow it. The Department must not grant a 343 344 variance unless the unique circumstances of the site justify the variance.
 - 19-4A. Review and Approval of Erosion and Sediment Control Plans.

(a) The Department must review each erosion and sediment control plan to determine compliance with this Chapter and the Standards and Specifications before the plan can be approved. In approving a plan, the Department may impose conditions necessary to ensure compliance with this Chapter and state law and to protect public health and safety.

- (b) The review and approval process must be part of the comprehensive and integrated plan approval process described in state law.
- (c) A concept plan must at least include the mapping of natural resources and sensitive areas, including highly erodible soils and slopes greater than 15%. If these areas would not remain undisturbed, either the concept or site development plan must describe any enhanced protection strategy for these areas during construction.
- (d) A site development plan application must include all concept plan information and indicate how any proposed erosion and sediment control practice will be integrated with any proposed stormwater management practice. The stormwater management practice must be shown through a narrative and an overlay plan showing both environmental site design and any erosion and sediment control practice. An applicant should submit an initial sequence of construction and proposed project phasing to achieve the grading unit restriction. If the Director approves, the concept plan and site development plan may be combined.
- (e) An applicant must submit a final erosion and sediment control plan to the Department for review and approval. The plan must include all information required by the concept plan and site development plan and any relevant information not already submitted.

- 372 (f) A final erosion and sediment control plan is not approved until the

 373 Department signs and dates the plan.
- **19-5. Modifications of plans.**

- [Major modifications] Any major modification of [the] an approved [plans] plan must be submitted to the [department, reprocessed]

 Department and processed in the same manner as the original plan, [and referred in accordance with section 19-4 of this chapter] where:
 - (1) [Field] <u>field</u> inspection or evaluation of the plan has revealed the inadequacy of the plan to accomplish erosion and sediment control objectives; or
 - (2) [The] the person responsible for carrying out the approved plan finds that, because of changed circumstances or for other reasons, the approved plan cannot be effectively carried out.
 - (b) The [department] <u>Department</u> may, in emergency situations and at its discretion, require the installation of interim erosion and sediment control measures to protect stream channels, other properties, or the general public from damage, that will remain in effect until modifications or revisions to the plan are approved and implemented.
 - (c) [Field modifications of a minor nature may be authorized by the department] The Department may allow a minor field modification[; provided, that those revisions are] if the modification is consistent with [the requirements of] this [chapter] Chapter, regulations, and [the standards and specifications] state law. The [department and the district] Department must establish a list of allowable field modifications, [for this purpose] subject to approval by the Administration.

398 (d) If a violation of the limits of disturbance shown on the approved plan 399 involves removal or damage to trees, the permittee must obtain and 400 implement an approved reforestation plan from the [Maryland-National 401 Capital Park and Planning [Commission] Board. 402 19-5A. Contents of an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan. An applicant is responsible for submitting an erosion and sediment 403 (a) 404 control plan that meets the requirements of the Department, this Chapter, and state law. The plan must include sufficient information to 405 evaluate the environmental characteristics of the affected area, the 406 potential impacts of the proposed grading on water resources, and the 407 408 effectiveness and acceptability of any measure proposed to minimize 409 soil erosion and off-site sedimentation. 410 (b) An applicant must at least submit: a letter of transmittal and/or application; 411 (1) (2) the name, address, and telephone number of: 412 the owner of the property where the grading is proposed; 413 (A) 414 (B) the developer; and 415 (C) the applicant; 416 (3) a vicinity map indicating north arrow, scale, site location, and 417 other information necessary to easily locate the property; 418 **(4)** a drainage area map at 1" = 200' minimum scale, showing 419 existing, interim, and proposed topography, any proposed 420 improvement, standard symbols for proposed sediment control 421 features, and pertinent drainage information, including provisions 422 to protect downstream areas from erosion for at least the closer of

200 feet downstream or the next conveyance system:

424	<u>(5)</u>	the lo	ocation of any natural resource, wetland, floodplain, highly
425		erodi	ble soil, slopes 15% and steeper, and any other sensitive
426		area;	
427	<u>(6)</u>	a gen	eral description of the predominant soil types on the site, as
428		descr	ibed in appropriate soil survey information available
429		throu	gh the local soil conservation district or the USDA Natural
430		Resor	urces Soil Conservation Service;
431	<u>(7)</u>	any p	roposed stormwater management practice;
432	<u>(8)</u>	an ero	osion and sediment control plan, including:
433		<u>(A)</u>	the existing topography and improvements, and any
434			proposed topography and improvements, at a scale
435			between $1'' = 10'$ and $1'' = 50'$ with 2 foot contours or
436			another approved contour interval. For any project with
437			more than minor grading, interim contours may also be
438			required;
439		<u>(B)</u>	scale, project and sheet title, and north arrow on each plan
440			sheet;
441		<u>(C)</u>	the limit of disturbance (LOD), including:
442			(i) limit of grading (grading units, if applicable);
443			(ii) initial, interim, and final phases; and
444			(iii) staging and stockpile areas, including those on
445			existing impervious areas;
446		<u>(D)</u>	the proposed grading and earth disturbance, including:
447			(i) total disturbed area;
448			(ii) volume of cut and fill quantities; and
449			(iii) volume of borrow and spoil quantities;
450		(E)	any storm drainage feature, including:

451		(i)	any existing or proposed bridge, storm drain,
452			culvert, or outfall;
453		<u>(ii)</u>	velocities and peak flow rates at outfalls for 2-year
454			and 10-year frequency storm events; and
455		(iii)	site conditions around points of all surface water
456			discharge from the site;
457	<u>(F)</u>	any e	rosion and sediment control practice to minimize on-
458		site er	rosion and prevent off-site sedimentation, including:
459		(i)	salvage and reuse of topsoil;
460		<u>(ii)</u>	phased construction and implementation of a
461			grading unit to minimize disturbance, both in extent
462			and duration;
463		(iii)	the location and type of any proposed sediment
464			control practice;
465		<u>(iv)</u>	design details and data for any erosion and sediment
466			control practice; and
467		<u>(v)</u>	any specification for any temporary and permanent
468			stabilization measure, including:
469			1. The "Standard Stabilization Note" on the plan
470			stating:
471			"Following initial soil disturbance or re-
472			disturbance, permanent or temporary
473			stabilization must be completed within:
474			<u>a.</u> <u>3 calendar days as to the surface of any</u>
475			perimeter dike, swale, ditch, perimeter
476			slope, and any slope steeper than 3
477			horizontal to 1 vertical (3:1); and

478		b. 7 calendar days as to any other
479		disturbed or graded area on the project
480		site not under active grading.";
481		2. any detail for an area requiring accelerated
482		stabilization; and
483		3. any maintenance requirement under state law;
484 <u>(C</u>	3) <u>a sec</u>	quence of construction describing the relationship
485	<u>betwe</u>	en the implementation and maintenance of any
486	contro	ol, including permanent and temporary stabilization,
487	<u>and</u>	the stages or phases of each disturbance and
488	const	ruction. The Department must approve any revision
489	to the	sequence of construction before construction begins.
490	The s	equence of construction must include:
491	<u>(i)</u>	a request for a pre-construction meeting with the
492		appropriate enforcement authority;
493	<u>(ii)</u>	clearing and grubbing as necessary to install
494		perimeter controls;
495	(iii)	construction and stabilization of perimeter controls;
496	(iv)	remaining clearing and grubbing within installed
497		perimeter controls;
498	<u>(v)</u>	road grading;
499	<u>(vi)</u>	grading for the rest of the site;
500	(vii)	utility installation and connections to each existing
501		structure;
502	(viii)	construction of any building, road, and other
503		construction;
504	<u>(ix)</u>	final grading, landscaping, and stabilization;

505		<u>(x)</u>	<u>installation</u>	of any	stormwater	management
506			measure;			
507		<u>(xi)</u>	approval of t	the appro	priate enforcen	nent authority
508			before removi	ing any se	diment control:	and and
509		(xii)	removal of ar	ny control	and stabilization	on of any area
510			that is distur	rbed by	the removal o	of a sediment
511			control;			
512	<u>(H)</u>	<u>a</u> st	atement requir	ring the	permittee to	contact the
513		Depa	rtment at the	following	stages of the	project or as
514		requi	red in the app	proved er	osion and sed	iment control
515		plan,	grading permit	<u>, or buildi</u>	ng permit:	
516		<u>(i)</u>	before beginn	ing any ea	<u>ırth</u> <u>disturbance</u>	23
517		<u>(ii)</u>	after complet	ting the in	nstallation of a	any perimeter
518			erosion and s	sediment o	control, but bef	fore any other
519			earth disturbat	nce or gra	ding;	
520		<u>(iii)</u>	before beginn	ning anoth	ner phase of co	onstruction or
521			opening of and	other grad	ing unit; and	
522		<u>(iv)</u>	before removi	ing any se	diment control	practice;
523	<u>(I)</u>	certif	ication by the	permittee	that any clea	ring, grading,
524		const	ruction, or dev	elopment	will be done a	as required by
525		the a	pproved erosion	on and so	ediment contro	ol plan. The
526		certif	ication must	also rec	uire that the	<u>responsible</u>
527		perso	nnel involved i	in the con	struction projec	t have earned
528		a Cer	tificate of Trai	ining at ar	training prog	ram approved
529		by the	e state Departm	nent of the	Environment f	for the control
530		of ero	sion and sedim	<u>nent</u> <u>before</u>	beginning the	project; and

531		(J) <u>certification</u> <u>by a professional engineer, land surveyor,</u>
532		landscape architect, architect, certified professional in
533		erosion and sediment control, or forester (for forest harvest
534		operations only) registered in the State, that the plan
535		complies with erosion and sediment control laws,
536		regulations, and standards, if required by the Department
537		or the Administration; and
538		(9) any additional information or data that the Department specifies.
539	<u>19-5B.</u>	Standard Erosion and Sediment Control Plan.
540	<u>(a)</u>	The Department may adopt a standard erosion and sediment control
541		plan for any activity with minor earth disturbance, such as a single-
542		family residence, small commercial or other similar building site, minor
543		maintenance grading, and minor utility construction.
544	<u>(b)</u>	A standard erosion and sediment control plan must meet the
545		requirements of this Chapter and state law.
546	<u>(c)</u>	The state Department of the Environment must approve a standard plan
547		before the Department adopts it.
548	19-6.	Fees.
549	The	[county executive, by written regulations, adopted under method (3) of
550	section 2A-	of this Code, County Executive, by Method 3 regulation, may
551	establish, in	crease, or decrease permit and inspection fees and set nonrefundable fee
552	schedules fo	or filing, additional submissions, and permit renewals in an amount that
553	does not [to	exceed the reasonable cost of administering and enforcing this [chapter]
554	Chapter.	
555	19-7.	Permit conditions.
556	[In gr	ranting any permit, the director may attach the conditions that the director

deems reasonably necessary to prevent sedimentation to public or private property or

any sewer, storm drain, or watercourse, to prevent the operation from being conducted in a manner hazardous to life or property, or in a manner likely to create a nuisance. Those conditions may include the erection or installation of walls, drains, dams and structures, plantings, erosion and sediment control measures or devices, furnishing necessary easements and a specified method of performing the work. These items must be identified on the sediment control plan submitted for approval. A permit must not be issued until an erosion and sediment control plan is approved by the department and the district, and the owner certifies that all land-disturbing activities will be performed pursuant to the erosion and sediment control plan and modifications incorporated pursuant to section 19-5. The approved plan must be a condition of the permit. In addition, the permit must not conflict with conditions shown on the approved subdivision plan, development plan, development plan amendment, forest conservation plan, or the approved site plan regarding building restriction lines, limits of disturbance, forest or tree conservation areas, and conservation easements. A person must not violate any permit condition.]

- 573 (a) The Director must attach any condition to each permit that is necessary to:
 - (1) prevent sedimentation to public or private property or a sewer, storm drain, or water course;
 - (2) prevent a land disturbing activity from being hazardous to life or property;
 - (3) prevent an adverse environmental impact; and
 - (4) assure compliance with the plan.
 - (b) Each condition must be listed on or attached to the plan. These conditions may include requirements for a wall, drain, dam, structure, planting, erosion and sediment control device, or necessary drainage easement.

- (c) The Director must require each permittee to designate responsible personnel to take charge of on-site clearing, grading or sediment control associated with an approved land disturbing activity. Any individual so designated must have completed a training program approved by the Administration.
- (d) Responsible personnel must:

- (1) inspect the site each week to assure compliance with the plan; and
- (2) maintain a log which details the results of any inspection, assessment of conditions and maintenance of any sediment control device.
- (e) The Director may require a permittee to provide an independent design professional to monitor and report to the Department on installation and maintenance of an erosion and sediment control device if a violation of the plan caused serious environmental impact to a watercourse or when a land disturbing activity is taking place in an environmentally sensitive area.
- (f) The Director must require a permittee to implement any reasonable precaution to prevent particulate matter from becoming airborne when any land disturbing activity is planned in a potential asbestiform area.

19-8. Permit expiration and renewal.

[Permits issued under this chapter expire at the end of the period of time set out in the permit. Permits will be renewed provided that the interval between documented sediment control inspections does not exceed six (6) months and that erosion and sediment control plan approval by the district is not expired or withdrawn. Where the director determines that the extension of time will require a substantial modification of the grading, erosion and sediment control plan, any

012	extension o	i a pern	nit is subject to approval of a revised erosion and sediment control			
613	plan by the department and the district.] Any permit and plan is valid for 2 years after					
614	it is issued	The L	Director may extend any permit or plan for 1 year if a permittee so			
615	requests. T	he Dire	ector may impose an additional standard or requirement as part of			
616	any extens	ion. I	The Director may require a plan modification as part of any			
617	extension.					
618	<u>19-8A.</u>	Gran	dfathering of Approved Plans.			
619	<u>(a)</u>	Any p	olan that is finally approved after January 9, 2013, must comply			
620		with the	his Chapter and state law.			
621	<u>(b)</u>	A pla	n that is finally approved on or before January 9, 2013, may be			
622		reappr	roved with existing conditions if any grading activity begins on the			
623		site by	January 9, 2015, except any stabilization requirement.			
624	<u>(c)</u>	Any s	tabilization practice must comply with this Chapter and state law			
625		by Ja	nuary 9, 2013, regardless of when an approved erosion and			
626		sedim	ent control plan was approved.			
627	19-9.	Permi	it revocation or suspension; stop work order.			
628	(a)	[Any]	The Director may suspend or revoke any permit issued under this			
629		[chapt	er] Chapter [may be revoked or suspended by the director], after			
630		notice	, for:			
631		(1)	[Violation] violation of the plan or any [other] condition of the			
632			permit;			
633		(2)	[Violation] violation of [any provision of] this [chapter] Chapter			
634			or any other applicable law[, ordinance, rule,] or regulation			
635			relating to the work;			
636		(3)	[Existence of] any condition or [the doing of any] act			
637			[constituting or] creating a nuisance[,] or hazard, or endangering			
638			human life or the property of others; or			

639		(4)	[Failure] <u>failure</u> of the approved erosion and sediment control
640			plan to achieve required erosion and sediment control objectives
641			due to site characteristics or conditions.
642	(b)	In a	addition to the Director's authority under subsection (a), the
643		[dire	ctor] Director may post a site with a stop work order directing that
644		all la	and-disturbing activity [cease] stop immediately, [provided that] if:
645		(1)	[The] the land-disturbing activity violates a condition or
646			requirement of a [Montgomery] County or Washington Suburban
647			Sanitary Commission sediment control permit, application or
648			approved plan or [any provisions of] this [chapter] Chapter or
649			applicable regulations;
650		(2)	[Written] the Department has given written warning notice [is
651			furnished] to the permittee or [the] its representative [of the
652			permittee] that lists any corrective measures required and the time
653			[within] by which the corrections must be made; and
654		(3)	[The] the permittee [fails to] does not comply with the warning
655			notice within the specified time.
656	(c)	[A]]	The Director may issue a stop work order [may be issued] without a
657		warn	ing notice where:
658		(1)	land disturbance is taking place that requires a permit under this
659			Chapter and [for which one] a permit has not been issued;
660		(2)	required sediment control measures are not installed, inspected,
661			and approved before the land disturbance;
662		(3)	the limits of disturbance are being violated; or
663		(4)	inspection reveals the existence of any condition or [the doing of
664			any] act that[:
665			a. Is or creates a nuisance or hazard: or

b. Endangers] <u>endangers</u> human life [or the], property of others, or water quality.

- (d) The [department] Department must provide written notice to the permittee or [a] its representative [of the permittee] when a stop work order is issued. That notice must specify the extent to which work is stopped and the conditions under which work may resume. The permittee is responsible for the actions of its agents [of the permittee] and must notify those agents when a stop work order is issued that will affect an area within which the agents are to work. In this [application] context, "agent" [is defined as] includes any person who acts at the instruction, with the permission, or to the benefit of the permittee.
- (e) A person must not continue or permit the continuance of work in an area covered by a stop work order, except <u>any</u> work required to correct a sediment control violation.
- (f) This Section does not restrict the department from proceeding directly with any available alternative enforcement [procedures] procedure under Section 19-69.
- (g) If trees have been cut in violation of this Chapter, the Department may require as a corrective measure that the violator comply with a reforestation plan approved by the Planning Director [of the Planning Board].

19-10. [Performance bond.] Financial Security.

688 (a) (1) The [director] <u>Director</u> must, before issuing a permit, require a
689 corporate bond or an irrevocable letter of credit from a financial
690 institution, or a cash bond, a certificate of guarantee, or other
691 instrument, in a form satisfactory to the [director] <u>Director</u> and
692 approved by the County Attorney. That instrument [is] <u>must be</u>

conditioned [upon] on the faithful performance of the conditions in the permit, and any soil erosion and sediment control [measures] measure specified in the permit, within the time specified by the [director] Director or [within] any extension granted by the [director] Director. [For the purposes of this article] In this Article, a certificate of guarantee is an instrument issued by an organization or entity that is approved by the [director] Director and meets the capitalization and other reasonable criteria [as are] established by [executive] regulation, including:

- (A) the demonstrated expertise of the issuing organization or its members in erosion and sediment control;
- (B) the estimated square footage of the land included in the land-disturbing activity to be performed by the permittee;
- (C) the estimated square footage of the area of all landdisturbing activities guaranteed by the issuing organization or entity; and
- (D) the incidence of violation of, or otherwise failing to comply with, [the provisions of] this [chapter] Chapter by all members of the issuing organization or entity.
- (2) [Certificates] A certificate of guarantee must only be issued by an approved organization or entity on behalf of members in good standing of that organization or entity. Any question as to the eligibility of a permittee to post a certificate of guarantee must be resolved by the [director] <u>Director</u> in the <u>Director's</u> sole discretion [of the director].

(3) The amount of the bond, irrevocable letter of credit, certificate of guarantee, or other instrument required by this section is [three hundred dollars (\$300.00)] \$300, plus [two cents (\$0.02)] 2 cents per square foot of the area included in the land-disturbing activity, plus [amounts as deemed necessary] an amount set by the [director] Director to secure the costs of improvements required in approved plans, which must not [to] exceed a total [amount] of [ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00)] \$10,000.

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- (4) The instruments required under this Section may be combined with the instruments required under Section 19-32 pertaining to a storm water management facility, so that one [(1)] instrument may be used to satisfy both requirements.
- (5) The [director] <u>Director</u> may grant a partial or complete waiver of the bond, letter of credit, certificate of guarantee, or other instrument, upon application, [where] <u>if</u> the [director] <u>Director</u> finds minimal impairment of existing surface drainage, minimal erosion hazard, and minimal sedimentation hazard [upon] <u>on</u> any adjacent land or watercourse, and no hazard to human life or property.
- (6) A corporate bond or letter of credit must be executed and maintained by a financial institution, surety, or guaranty company qualified to do business in this state and must be conditioned [upon] on the faithful performance of the conditions and soil erosion and sediment control measures specified in the permit. A cash bond must be deposited with the [director of finance]

 Director of Finance, who must give a receipt for it, reciting that

the cash has been deposited in compliance with and subject to [the provisions of] this Section.

- (7) The bond, letter of credit, certificate of guarantee, or other instrument obligates the permittee, the permittee's executors, administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally with the surety or issuing organization or entity, and inures to the benefit of the County[, its officers, employees,] and to any person aggrieved by the permittee's failure to comply with the conditions of the permit. The permittee and the issuing organization or surety must, under the bond, letter of credit, certificate of guarantee, or other instrument, continue to be firmly bound under a continuing obligation [for the payment of] to pay all necessary costs and expenses or liabilities which may be incurred or expended by the [department] Department to meet the minimum requirements of this [chapter] Chapter.
- (b) [Whenever] If the [department] Department finds that a default has occurred in the performance of any term or condition of the permit, bond, letter of credit, certificate of guarantee, or other instrument, the Department must give written notice [must be given] to the permittee and to the surety or issuing organization or entity. That notice must [state] specify the work to be done, the estimated cost, and the period of time [deemed by] the [department] Department finds to be reasonably necessary [for completion of] to complete the work.
- (c) If a cash bond has been posted, notice of default as provided by the preceding paragraphs must be given to the permittee; and if compliance is not obtained [within] in the time specified, the [department]

 Department must proceed without delay, and without further notice or

proceedings, to use the cash deposited, or any [portion] <u>part</u> of the deposit, to cause the required work to be done by contract or otherwise in the <u>Director's</u> discretion [of the director].

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(d) In the event of After any default in the performance of any term or condition of the permit, bond, letter of credit, certificate of guarantee, or other instrument, the [county] County, the surety, the issuing organization or entity, or any person employed or engaged on its behalf [has a right to go upon] may enter the site to complete the required work necessary to control erosion and sedimentation to protect properties, [In the event] If the [department] watercourses, and persons. Department undertakes this work with the funds from a forfeited cash or corporate bond, letter of credit, certificate of guarantee, or other instrument, the funds must be used to pay the cost of contracting, including engineering and administration, for necessary restoration of the site to control erosion and sedimentation [within the requirements of as required by the plan, permit, bond, letter of credit, certificate of guarantee, other instrument, or this [chapter] Chapter. If the cost of the work necessary to control erosion and sedimentation or to protect properties, watercourses, and persons exceeds the amount of the cash or corporate bond, letter of credit, certificate of guarantee, or other instrument, the permittee must continue to be [firmly bound under a continuing obligation for payment of obligated to pay all excess costs and expenses incurred by the [county] County. The cost and expenses are a lien [upon] on all property and all rights to property, real or personal, of any person liable to pay that cost. The cost [is] may be listed on the tax bill and [is] collected in the manner of ordinary taxes.

- 798 (e) A person must not interfere with or obstruct the [ingress or egress]
 799 access to or from a site or premises by an authorized representative or
 800 agent of any surety, issuing organization or entity, or the [department]
 801 Department, engaged in completing the work required to be performed
 802 under the permit or in complying with the [terms or conditions of the]
 803 permit.
 - (f) A corporate bond, letter of credit, certificate of guarantee, or other instrument remains in [full force and] effect until a completion certificate is issued [pursuant to section] <u>under Section</u> 19-14 [of this chapter]. A cash bond must be returned to the depositor or to the <u>depositor's</u> successors or assigns [of the depositor upon issuance of] <u>when</u> a completion certificate <u>is issued</u> for the work [in accordance with section] <u>under Section</u> 19-14 [of this chapter], except any portion that may have been used.
 - The [director] <u>Director</u> immediately must [revoke] <u>suspend</u> the permit <u>or issue a stop work order</u> [upon failure of] <u>when</u> any permittee [to] <u>does not</u> maintain the bond or certificate of guarantee. If the [director] <u>Director</u> finds a violation of an applicable law or regulation by an organization or entity issuing certificates of guarantee, the [director] <u>Director</u> may immediately revoke all permits of members of that organization or entity for which a certificate of guarantee is posted, and may post stop work orders wherever applicable until an appropriate bond or other instrument acceptable to the [county] <u>County</u> is substituted for the certificates of guarantee.

19-11. Liability insurance.

(a) If[, in the opinion of the director,] the <u>Director finds</u> that the nature of the work [is such that is] may create a hazard to human life or endanger

- adjoining property or property at a higher or lower elevation, or any street or street improvement, or any other public property, [then] the [director] <u>Director</u> may, before issuing the permit, require [that] the applicant for a permit to file a certificate of insurance.
- (b) [That] The certificate must show that the applicant is insured against claims for damages [for damages] for personal injury and property damage in an amount not less than [twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00)] \$25,000. Those damages include damage to the County by deposit or washing of material onto County streets or other public improvements, which may arise from or out of the performance of the work, whether the [performance be] work is performed by the applicant, [the] a subcontractor [of the applicant], or any person directly or indirectly employed by the applicant.
- the <u>Director must set the</u> amount of insurance [must be prescribed by the director in accordance with] <u>according to</u> the nature of the risks involved. Insurance must be written by a company licensed to do business in the state and approved by the County. [Neither issuance] <u>Issuance</u> of a permit, [nor] <u>or</u> compliance with [these provisions] <u>this</u> <u>Chapter</u> or any condition imposed by the Department, [relieves] <u>does not relieve</u> any person from any responsibility for damage to persons or property otherwise imposed by law[, nor] <u>or</u> impose any liability [upon the county] on the County for damages to persons or property.

19-12. Inspections.

(a) [Authorized representatives] Any authorized representative of the [department] Department may enter [properties] any property permitted under this [chapter] Chapter [for the purpose of inspection] to inspect

and [enforcement of the provisions of the] <u>enforce this</u> [chapter]

Chapter.

- (b) Land-disturbing activity [may] requiring a permit must not proceed until [approved by] the [department] Department approves. All work must be performed in accordance with [a sequence shown on the approved plan or a revised] the sequence approved by the [department] Department.
- (c) The permittee [shall] <u>must</u> notify the [department] <u>Department</u> [forty-eight (48)] <u>48</u> hours before [commencing] <u>beginning</u> any land-disturbing activity and, unless [waived by] the [department] <u>Department</u> <u>waives the meeting</u>, [is required to] <u>must</u> hold a preconstruction meeting [between the permittee or the representative of the permittee and] <u>with</u> an authorized representative of the [department] Department.
- (d) [A] The permittee must keep a copy of the approved erosion and sediment control plan and the [sediment control] permit [must be] available on the site for inspection by any authorized [representatives] representative of the [department] Department. Field markings showing limits of disturbance must be on site during any [installation of sediment control measures, construction, or other] land-disturbing [activities] activity.
- (e) Each site that has [a designed] <u>an</u> erosion and sediment control plan must be inspected [as necessary to ensure that sediment control measures are installed and effectively maintained in compliance with the approved plan and permit requirements] <u>on average, every 2 weeks</u>. [As a minimum] <u>Unless waived</u>, the permittee must obtain <u>an</u> inspection by the [department] <u>Department</u> at the following stages:

(1) [Following the installation of] <u>after installing any</u> sediment control [measures] <u>measure</u> or [practices] <u>practice</u> and [prior to] <u>before</u> any other land disturbance;

(2) [During] <u>during</u> the construction of <u>any</u> sediment [basins] <u>basin</u>

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- or stormwater management [structures] structure, at [the] each required inspection [points] point;
- (3) [During] <u>during</u> rough grading, including hauling of <u>any</u> imported or wasted [materials] <u>material</u>;
- (4) [Prior to the removal or modification of] <u>before removing or modifying</u> any sediment control measure or practice; and
- (5) [Upon completion of] <u>after completing</u> final grading, including established ground [covers] <u>cover</u> and planting, installation of [all] <u>any</u> vegetative [measures] <u>measure</u>, and all other work [in accordance with] <u>required by</u> the approved plan.
- (f) If [there is a failure to] a person does not comply with [the requirements of this [chapter] Chapter, the [department] Department must inspect the work and notify the permittee [or] and the [representative of the permittee] responsible personnel in writing. The notice issued must[, as a minimum, at least state the nature of the violation, any practice or plan [deficiencies] deficiency, required corrective action, compliance time. Any [portion] part of the work that does not comply promptly must be corrected by the permittee. The Idepartment Department may make additional inspections as it deems necessary, and [has the right to] may waive inspections, [excluding] other than the final inspection [as provided in section] under Section 19-14. The [department] Department must maintain a permanent record of each inspection. [Included] That record must [be] include the date, the

- location or project identification, whether [or not] the approved plan has been implemented and measures maintained, and, if a violation exists, the [type of] enforcement action taken.
- (g) When approved plans developed under [the provisions of] this [chapter] Chapter show the use of temporary basins or permanent stormwater management structures, the [department] Department may require the submission of supportive documents such as test results, as-built plans, or material certifications. If necessary, in addition to its own inspections, the [department] Department may require [that] any [portion] part of the construction of basins or structures to be inspected and certified by a licensed professional engineer or land surveyor. At the [director's] Director's option, the permittee may secure the services of a licensed professional engineer or land surveyor to inspect the construction of the facilities and provide the [department] Department with a fully documented certification that all construction is done in accordance with [the provisions of] the approved plan[,] and all applicable rules, regulations and specifications. If a certification is provided to the [department] Department, the Department may waive any [inspections] inspection required under [section] Section 19-12(e)(2) for that basin or structure [may be waived]. In these cases, the [department] Department must be notified at the required inspection points and may make spot inspections.
- (h) This Section does not restrict the Department from proceeding directly with any available alternative enforcement procedure under Section 19-69.

19-12A. Complaints.

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- The Department must accept and investigate any complaint about erosion and sediment control concerns from any source, and must:
- 932 (a) conduct an initial investigation within 3 working days after receiving
 933 the complaint;
- 934 (b) notify the complainant of the initial investigation and findings within 7

 935 days after receiving the complaint; and
- 936 (c) take appropriate action when any violation is discovered during the complaint investigation.

938 19-13. Maintenance of structures, measures and devices.

- (a) The permittee or the owner of any property on which work has been done [pursuant to] <u>under</u> a permit granted under this [chapter] <u>Chapter</u>, or any other person or agent in control of that property, must maintain in good and effective condition and promptly repair or restore [all grade surfaces, walls, drains, dams and structures, plantings, vegetation, erosion and sediment control measures, and other protective devices] any grade <u>surface</u>, wall, drain, dam or <u>structure</u>, planting, vegetation, erosion and <u>sediment control measure</u>, or other protective device. Repair or restoration, and maintenance, must be in accordance with the approved [plans, standards and specifications] <u>plan</u>, <u>Standards and Specifications</u>, and permit as required by this [chapter] <u>Chapter</u> until permanent measures are accepted by the [department] <u>Department</u>.
- (b) Any person who performs work under a Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission utility sediment control permit is responsible for the repair or maintenance of all erosion and sediment control measures affected by the utility construction. Repair or maintenance must be <u>completed</u> [in accordance with] <u>as provided in subsection</u> (a) [of this section].

19-14. Completion.

Immediately [upon completion of the] <u>after completing a project</u>, the permittee must notify the [department] <u>Department</u> and schedule a final inspection. If, upon final inspection of the project, the [department] <u>Department</u> finds that all work subject to inspection has been satisfactorily completed in accordance with [the requirements of] this [chapter] <u>Chapter</u>, the permit, approved plans and specifications, [rules and] <u>applicable</u> regulations, <u>and the Department accepts</u> any supporting documents required under [section] <u>Section</u> 19-12(g) [are accepted], <u>the Department must issue</u> a completion certificate covering the work [must be issued] to the permittee [by the department, with a copy submitted to the district].

19-15. Protection of adjacent property [during clearing, grading and excavating activities].

[A person must not initiate clearing, grading, or excavating activities sufficiently close to the property line so as to endanger any adjoining property, including a public street, sidewalk, or alley. The adjoining property should be supported and protected from damage that may result from clearing, grading, or excavating activities including settling, cracking or vegetative damage. If, in the opinion of the director, the clearing, grading, or excavation creates a hazard to life or property unless adequately safeguarded, the applicant must construct walls, fences, guard rails, or other structures to safeguard the adjoining private property or public street, sidewalk, alley, or other public property and persons, as the director may require.] Any land-disturbing activity must not be conducted without adequate protection and support for any adjoining property. The Director may require installation of a wall, fence, rail, sediment control measure, or other item to protect people and property.

19-16. Deposits of soil or other material prohibited.

(a) A person must not engage in any land-disturbing activity or by any action cause or permit any soil, earth, sand, gravel, rock, stone, or other

material, to be deposited [upon] on or to roll, flow, or wash [upon] on or over the [premises] land of another [in a manner to] and cause damage [to the premises] without the express written consent of the owner of the affected premises [affected]. A [person] permittee must not engage in any land-disturbing activity or by any action cause or permit any soil, earth, sand, gravel, rock, stone, or other material to be deposited on or to roll, flow, or wash [upon] on or over any public street, street improvement, road, sewer, storm drain, watercourse, right-of-way, or any public property in a manner to damage or to interfere with the use of that property.

- (b) A person must not, when hauling soil, earth, sand, gravel, rock, stone, or other material over any public street, road, alley, or public property, allow those materials to blow or spill over [and upon] or on any street, road, alley, or public property or adjacent private property.
- (c) If any soil, earth, sand, gravel, rock, stone, or other material is caused to be deposited [upon] on or to roll, flow, or wash [upon] on any public or private property in violation of [subsections] subsection (a) [and] or (b) [above], the permittee or person responsible must be notified by the Department and must cause the material to be removed from that property within [twenty-four (24)] 24 hours. In [the event of] an immediate danger to the public health or safety, the Department must give notice [must be given] by the most expeditious means, and the material must be removed immediately. [In the event it] If the material is not [so] removed, the [department] Department may [cause the] arrange for its removal; and the cost of that removal [by the department] must be paid to the [county] County by the person who failed to remove the material [and is a debt due the county]. The cost of removal is a lien

[upon] on all property and all rights to property, real or personal, of any person liable to pay that cost. The cost of removal must be listed on the tax bill and must be collected in the manner of ordinary taxes. [; provided, however, that] However, this [section must] Section does not [be interpreted as prohibiting] prohibit the [department] Department from proceeding directly with any alternative enforcement [procedures set forth in section 19-19 of this chapter] procedure under Section 19-69.

19-17 Regulations.

- (a) The [director] <u>Director</u> may recommend [written] regulations [for administration of the provisions of] <u>to administer</u> this [article] Article, may hold public hearings [as part of this process] <u>on any proposed regulation</u>, and must obtain recommendations from the Montgomery Soil Conservation District before forwarding the recommendations to the County Executive. These regulations must include:
 - (1) minimum erosion and sediment control plan requirements;
 - (2) maximum duration of exposure;
 - (3) critical slope protection;
 - (4) on-site grading controls;
 - (5) on-site drainage controls; and
 - (6) protection of specimen trees.
- (b) The [director] <u>Director</u> may recommend one or more [methodologies for calculating] <u>methods to calculate</u> the amount of surface area affected by tree cutting, including using tree cover measurements.
 - (c) [Regulations] The County Executive must adopt any regulation under subsection (a) [of this section are adopted by the county executive] under method (2) [of section 2A-15 of this Code].

1038	[(d)	The director may recommend written regulations to establish, increase,
1039		or decrease fees under section 19-6 of this chapter. Regulations to set
1040		fees are adopted by the county executive under method (3) of section
1041		2A-15 of this Code.]
1042	[(e)]	(d) Regulations adopted under this Section must not conflict with [nor] or
1043		waive any [provisions] provision of this Chapter, and must not be less
1044		restrictive than applicable requirements of state law or regulation.
1045	ARTICI	LE V. WATER QUALITY REVIEW IN SPECIAL PROTECTION
1046		AREAS.
1047	19-60.	Findings and purpose.
1048		* * *
1049	(b)	The purposes of this Article are to:
1050		* * *
1051		(2) establish coordinated procedures, performance goals, [criteria,]
1052		and requirements for development in special protection areas that
1053		will mitigate adverse impacts on water resource areas during and
1054		after construction or other land disturbing activities;
1055		* * *
1056	19-61.	Definitions.
1057	In thi	s Article, the following words and phrases have the following meanings:
1058		* * *
1059	[(a)]	* * *
1060	[(b)]	Best Management Practices Monitoring Plan means a [statement
1061		prepared by an applicant describing how] written plan that documents
1062		the [applicant will monitor and] scientific work necessary to assess the
1063		effectiveness of [its] best management practices in maintaining water
1064		quality.

1065		<u>DEP Director</u> means the <u>Director</u> of the <u>Department</u> of <u>Environmental</u>
1066		Protection or the Director's designee.
1067	[(c)]	* * *
1068	[(d)]	* * *
1069	[(e)]	* * *
1070	[(f)]	* * *
1071	[(g)]	* * *
1072	[(h)]	* * *
1073	[(i)]	* * *
1074	[(j)]	* * *
1075	[(k)]	* * *
1076	[(1)]	* * *
1077	[(m)]	* * *
1078	[(n)]	* * *
1079	19-62.	Applicability.
1080		* * *
1081	(b)	Privately owned property. Except as otherwise expressly provided in
1082		this Chapter, the requirements for a water quality inventory and a
1083		preliminary and final water quality plan under Section 19-64 apply in
1084		any area designated as a special protection area to a person proposing a
1085		land disturbing activity on privately owned property:
1086		* * *
1087	19-64.	Water Quality Inventory Submittal; Water Quality Plans.
1088		* * *
1089	(b)	Preliminary water quality plan submission. Except where exempt
1090		under this Article, a person must submit the following, in addition to
1091		any information required for a water quality inventory, as part of a

1092		com	plete application for development approval as provided in Section
1093		19-6	5[(b)]:
1094			* * *
1095		(3)	Description of any other mitigation techniques proposed by the
1096			applicant or required by applicable guidelines, law, or
1097	•	•	regulations; and
1098		(4)	Documentation of anticipated performance on water quality of
1099			each proposed measure, individually and together[;]. [and]
1100		[(5)	Proposed best management practices monitoring plan, including:
1101			(A) Location, nature, form, and frequency of the monitoring to
1102			be conducted; and
1103			(B) Dates of report submissions and monitoring milestones.]
1104	(c)	Fina	l water quality plan submission. A final water quality plan must be
1105		subm	nitted as provided in Section 19-65 and must include the following:
1106			* * *
1107		(3)	Proposed compliance program, revised as required by the
1108			Director, that describes the installation[,] and inspection[, and
1109			monitoring schedule] of [best] all stormwater management
1110			[practices monitoring plan, including detailed instructions
1111			concerning how the] facilities [operate and should be
1112			maintained];
1113		(4)	Draft maintenance agreements and easements covering routine
1114			maintenance, long-term repair or replacement of any stormwater
1115			management facility or other facilities required by the water
1116			quality plan, and an assurance of access to the facilities for
1117			inspection and monitoring:

1118		(5)	Copy	of valid wa	ater qu	ality	certification approved by stat	e and
1119			feder	al agencies o	or, if no	ot ava	ailable, a report on the status	of the
1120			certif	ication revie	w and	a cop	by of any [revisions] revision	made
1121			to the	e certification	ı applic	ation	·	
1122					*	*	*	
1123	19-65. App	licatio	n, revi	iew, and app	roval j	proce	edures.	
1124	(a)	Gene	eral.					
1125					*	*	*	
1126		(2)	Divis	sion of appro	val res _l	ponsi	bilities.	
1127					*	*	*	
1128			(B)	In acting of	n a pre	limin	nary or final water quality pla	n, the
1129				Planning B	oard's a	appro	val must conform to the appro	val of
1130				the DPS I	Director	r on	any element for which the	DPS
1131				Director ha	as lead	agen	cy responsibility. Those electrons	ments
1132				include:				
1133				(i) Perfo	ormanc	e goa	als [or criteria] for the approve	d best
1134				mana	agemen	it prac	ctices;	
1135				[(ii) Best	manag	emen	at practices monitoring plan;]	
1136				[(iii)] <u>(ii)</u>	Storn	nwate	er management concept plan;	
1137				[(iv)] <u>(iii)</u>	Erosi	on a	nd sediment control concept	plan;
1138				and				
1139				$[(v)]$ $\underline{(iv)}$ A	Any oth	her e	element of the plan for which	h the
1140				Depa	artment	has p	orimary lead agency design, re	view,
1141				and a	approva	al resp	ponsibility.	
1142			(C)	The Depart	ment o	f Env	vironmental Protection has the	e lead
1143				agency resp	onsibil	lity fo	or the [stream] monitoring prog	gram,

1144		including the [stream] monitoring [plan] of streams and
1145		best management practices.
1146		* * *
1147	(c)	Review. After receiving a preliminary or final water quality plan, the
1148		Planning Director must refer the plan to the DPS Director and other
1149		reviewing agencies. The DPS Director must transmit to the Planning
1150		Director within the time limits for acting on a plan established by law:
1151		(1) Findings on compliance with this Chapter of any:
1152		(A) stormwater management concept plan;
1153		(B) erosion and sediment control concept plan;
1154		[(C) best management practices monitoring plan;]
1155		[(D)] (C) stream monitoring plan and best management practices
1156		monitoring plan as prepared and implemented by the
1157		Department of Environmental Protection;
1158		[(E)] (D) maintenance agreements and easements; and
1159		[(F)] (E) other element of a plan in which the Department has
1160		primary lead agency review and approval responsibility.
1161		* * *
1162	(d)	Condition of approval.
1163		* * *
1164		(3) The final water quality plan, as amended by the Planning Board,
1165		must be a condition of approval of the development application
1166		and must conform to:
1167		* * *
1168		(D) any bond provisions required under Section 19-10 and 19-
1169		32, and [to ensure implementation of best management

1170		practices monitoring and] any element in the water quality
1171		plan required by the Planning Board; and
1172		[(E) provisions to implement the best management practices
1173		monitoring plan; and]
1174		[(F)] (E) any other condition necessary to implement this Article.
1175		* * *
1176 1	9-66.	Enforcement, appeals, waiver.
1177	(a)	Enforcement agreement. Each final water quality plan must contain an
1178		enforceable agreement, including an approved financial security
1179		instrument, with the Planning Board and the DPS Director, requiring
1180		maintenance of all facilities required by the plan [and best management
1181		practices monitoring]. The financial security instrument may be
1182		combined with any other financial security instrument required by this
1183		Chapter.
1184	(b)	Transference of responsibility. Each approved final water quality plan
1185		for a residential project must provide that neither ownership [and] nor
1186		maintenance of any feature of the water quality plan [must not] may be
1187		transferred to the County, a homeowners association, or any resident
1188		until the DPS Director or the Planning Board, depending on which is the
1189		lead agency to review the feature, finds that:
1190		(1) each feature has been installed in accordance with the
1191		specifications shown on the approved plan;
1192		(2) each feature has been verified, by inspection[, monitoring, or
1193		otherwise,] to have been operational and functioning as designed
1194		for a reasonable period of time after construction of all units and
1195		facilities associated with the last phase of the development
1196		project[. The length of time must not exceed 5 years and must

1197		relate to site-specific characteristics and the type and nature of	the
1198		particular feature]; and	
1199		* * *	
1200	(d)	Event of default.	
1201		(1) Events of default are:	
1202		(A) Required stormwater management facilities, erosion a	and
1203		sediment control facilities, or other mitigation techniq	ues
1204		have not been installed or maintained in a correct manner	r.
1205		[(B) Monitoring under a best management practices monitor	ing
1206		plan has not been performed or reported as required.]	
1207		[(C)] (B) An applicant has not complied with any ot	her
1208		requirement of a water quality plan or this Article.	
1209		[(D)] (C) Required fees have not been paid to support a stre	am
1210		monitoring program.	
1211		* * *	
1212	(e)	Waiver	
1213		* * *	
1214		(2) Review and action.	
1215		* * *	
1216		(B) the applicant would still comply with all applicable	
1217		federal, state, or [county] County water quality standards	3;
1218		and	
1219		* * *	
1220	19-67.	Implementation.	
1221		* * *	
1222	(b)	Regulations; technical manual; environmental guidelines; performar	ісе
1223		goals [and criteria].	

1224	* * *
1225	[(6) qualifications for persons submitting data under this Article;
1226	(7) procedures and standards for developing and implementing a best
1227	management practices monitoring program;
1228	(8) parameters of any generic and site-specific performance goals
1229	under a best management practices monitoring program;]
1230	[(9)] (6) model language for an enforcement agreement or a
1231	homeowners association maintenance agreement;
1232	[(10) performance criteria based on monitoring results that will be used
1233	to evaluate water quality plans to ensure compliance with all
1234	relevant federal, state, and county laws. Until monitoring results
1235	are available, the Department must develop interim performance
1236	goals; and]
1237	[(11)] (7) other appropriate program requirements consistent with this
1238	Article.
1239	[(d)] (c) Annual Report. The Directors of Environmental Protection and
1240	Permitting Services jointly must prepare an annual report, in
1241	coordination with the Planning Board, to the County Council that
1242	describes the effectiveness of best management practices and the
1243	observed impact of development on the biological integrity of streams
1244	in special protection areas. [The report must also discuss progress made
1245	toward the development of best management practices performance-
1246	based and in-stream biological enforcement mechanisms.] A copy of
1247	the report must be sent to the Planning Board and other responsible
1248	agencies.
1249	[(e)](d) Fee.

- (1) The Directors of Environmental Protection and Permitting Services may set a fee in an amount not to exceed the reasonable cost of administering, implementing, and enforcing their respective duties under this Article. The fee, including the time when it must be paid, must be set by regulation under Method (3). The Planning Board may set a fee under Chapter 50. A person to whom this Article applies must pay the fees.
 - (2) The fees established under this subsection may be based on the size of a tract or other relevant factor and are intended to offset the cost of:
 - (A) permit review and enforcement of conditions; and
 - (B) [stream] monitoring of streams and best management practices to determine the impact of a particular development on stream water quality as well as the effectiveness of certain best management practices in maintaining stream water quality.

Sec. 2. Expedited Effective Date.

The Council declares that this legislation is necessary for the immediate protection of the public interest. This Act takes effect on the date when it becomes law.

Approved:	
y avey average	3/21/13
Nancy Navarro, President, County Council	Date
Approved:	
Isiah Leggett, County Executive	Date
This is a correct copy of Council action.	
Linda M. Lauer, Clerk of the Council	Date